

MIDDLETOWN DAILY ARGUS.

VOL. XIX. No. 5,479. MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1894. 30 CENTS PER MONTH, PRICE 2 CENTS,

THE STRIKE STILL ON.

Debs and Sovereign Both Refuse to Give It Up.

FEDERATION MEN NOT TO STRIKE.

Another Fight in Sacramento, Resulting in Fatal Injuries to Two Men, Causes the United States Marshal to Declare the City Under Martial Law.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The conference of the American Federation of Labor adjourned at 7:30 last evening after having decided against a general strike. The action of President Debs and the American Railway union was indorsed, however, and \$1,000 voted for a defense fund for the coming trial of Debs. An address to the public was issued, which says, in part:

"In the light of all the evidence obtainable, and in view of the peculiar complication now enveloping the situation, we are forced to come to the conclusion that the best interests of the unions affiliated with the American Federation of Labor demand that they refrain from participating in any general or local strike which may be proposed in connection with the present railroad troubles. In making this declaration we do not wish it understood that we are in any way antagonistic to labor organizations now struggling for right or justice, but rather to the fact that the present center has become surrounded and beset with complications so grave in their nature that we cannot consistently advise a course which would be to add to the general confusion."

"The public press, ever alive to the interest of corporate wealth, have with few exceptions so maliciously misrepresented matters that in the public mind the working classes are now arrayed in open hostility to federal authority. This is a position we do not wish to be placed in, nor will we occupy it without a protest. We claim to be patriotic and law abiding, as any other class of citizens, as substantiated by our actions, in time of public need and public peril. By misrepresentation and duplicitous certain corporations assume that they stand for law and order, and that those opposing them represent lawlessness and anarchy. We protest against this assumption, as we protest against the inference that because a certain individual or a certain class enjoy a monopoly in particular lines of trade or commerce that it necessarily follows that they are entitled to a monopoly in loyalty and good citizenship."

Yesterday President Debs sent a proposition to the railway managers in which the strikers, through the board of directors of the American Railway union, make the following proposition as a basis of settlement: "They agree to return to work in a body at once provided they shall be restored to their former positions without prejudice, except in cases, if any there be, where they have been convicted of crime. They do not ask the recognition of their organization or of any organization."

The proposition, which was signed by Eugene V. Debs, George W. Howard and Sylvester Kellner, was presented to the chairman of the General Managers' association by Mayor Hopkins. Upon hearing the views of the managers who had called—which were forcibly expressed—the chairman decided that it was proper to return the communication to the mayor without answer, which was done, and with the information that no communication whatever from the parties signing could be received or considered by the association.

General Master Workman Sovereign was seen after he had received the decision of the managers of the association and the Federation of Labor.

"Well," said he, "the general managers treat us with contempt and condemn us to death, do they? I suppose they expect us to die without any resistance, but they are mistaken. We will make a struggle. We shall try to tie up all of the roads. But if we cannot do that we can at least tie up one road and keep it tied up. I have seen Debs tonight, and we all agree that there is but one thing to do, and that is to fight on to the end and with renewed energy."

As to the declaration of the Federation of Labor, Sovereign said: "It is too verbose to merit much consideration. It is far better as to its rhetoric than as to its logic. We are in a crisis. This document deals with theories. What we need is action. Sympathy is not what we want; we want a coalition of forces against corporate powers, and unless we can get it we might as well at once consent to be serfs. This declaration can have no effect on the strike. Up to this time these people have given us no assistance."

The strike has just begun. I think the position taken by the Federation of Labor will only weaken their own forces. They have served others with notice that if they get into trouble they may expect sympathy, and sympathy only, from the other labor organizations. And that is exactly what they will get. I see no way but to fight it to a finish, and shall stand by the A. R. U. until they call the strike off."

MARTIAL LAW AT SACRAMENTO.

It Followed a Skirmish in Which Two Men Were Fatally Shot.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 14.—Yesterday was one of the most exciting days in the history of the strike. As a result two men were wounded in the receiving hospital, while several others are reported dead or injured. Shortly after 10 o'clock a switch engine was proceeding along Front street to clear the track. A company of regulars under command of Captain Roberts, of Battery L, Fifth United States artillery, accompanied the engine. As they reached I street, it is claimed, a gang of strikers fired on the troops. The soldiers returned the fire and several men were seen to fall. Two of them, John Stuart and Frank Buckley, were picked up by the police and removed to the receiving hospital.

The former was a marine of the United States steamer *Alliance*, and he was attracted to the scene of the conflict by a

large crowd. He was shot through the body and is dying. Buckley lives in Butte county, and was here on a visit. He was shot through the right shoulder. Both men deny that they are in any way connected with the strikers. Stuart has made an ante-mortem statement in which he declares he was shot down because he refused to halt when ordered to do so by the regulars.

The shooting was heard at the depot, and two marine corps started from the depot with fixed bayonets. They divided into charging squads and extended the dead line to Second street. Shortly afterward Troop I, Fourth United States cavalry, made a flying dash down Second street to J, and thence to Front, sweeping everything before them. United States Marshal Baldwin was in the lead, and proclaimed martial law. He called upon the people in the name of the United States to go to their homes and remain there until the trouble is over. A few obeyed, but the majority remained on the streets, in defiance of the marshal's order. The streets are now comparatively deserted, and few strikers are to be seen, and they are being closely watched.

Train Wrecked by Strike Sympathizers.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 14.—The Big Four, New York express train No. 7, on its way to St. Louis, was wrecked near Fontanel, this county, by strike sympathizers. Engineer Moerman, of Indianapolis, and Fireman Fleck, of Mattoon, were buried under the wreck and instantly killed. Their bodies were crushed into an unrecognizable mass. The engine, baggage car, express car and the day coach are piled in the ditch, a broken mass. The train dashed through a displaced switch. United States Marshal Hawkins arrested two men suspected of the train wrecking.

Pullman Opposes Arbitration.

NEW YORK, July 14.—George M. Pullman has issued a lengthy statement of the attitude of his company in reference to the strike. It cautions its merits and its settlement. He does not declare definitely against submitting to arbitration, but argues that it would be unbusinesslike to consent to an arbitration which might decide that the Pullman works be operated at a loss.

Strike Sympathizers Held in Bail.

ST. LOUIS, July 14.—Chief Deputy United States Marshal Nell arrived here, having in custody ten strikers sympathizers, arrested at Thayer, Mo., for obstructing trains. All were held in bonds of \$250 to \$500 each. One of the prisoners, H. Garwood, is ex-mayor of Thayer. H. Peale, another of the accused, is city marshal of Thayer.

Strike Leader Phelan Sentenced.

CINCINNATI, O., July 14.—Judge Taft, of the United States court of appeals, found Representative Phelan, sent here by Debs to manage the local strike, guilty of contempt in interfering with the operation of the Southern railroad, now in the hands of a United States receiver, and sentenced him to six months in jail.

Charged Against Strike Sympathizers.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 14.—A switch engine at Momecum, presumably by some sympathizer with the strikers, threw a Chicago and Eastern Illinois' passenger train onto a siding, where it crashed into a lot of freight cars. The engine was demolished and Engineer Frank Folsom killed. The passengers were not injured.

Anxiety for Walter Wellman.

LONDON, July 14.—A dispatch to The Times from Tromsø, in the north of Norway, says that the yacht *Saude* of the Royal Yacht Squadron, touched at Danes Island, on the northwest coast of Spitzbergen, on July 6. The yachtsmen found on the island Professor Oyen, the geologist, who was left there by the American polar expedition, under Walter Wellman, to await their return and to guard the depot established on the island. Nothing had been heard of the expedition since their steamer, the *Ragnvald Jarl*, left Danes Island. The *Saude* started on a search for her, but found all the routes blocked by ice.

This Was Not a Strike Outrage.

WELLINGTON, Kan., July 14.—The adverse decision of the Oklahoma supreme court on the application of the towns of South Enid and Pond Creek to compel the Rock Island railroad to build depots and stop trains, has quickly been followed by an outrage. A mile south of Enid the Rock Island bridge was blown up with dynamite and a freight train demolished. The engine and a couple of cars had passed safely over when the dynamite exploded, hurling the train from the track. Thirteen cars were piled in the ditch and Brakeman Cordry and Larry Lyon, a tramp, were badly injured.

A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers; also the death of some dear friend, who had died with Consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's Cure for Throat and Lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the Throat and Lungs call at John J. Chambers, 21 West Main Street opp. Runyons Grocery, sole agent and get a trial bottle free. Large size 50c and 25c.

The Doctor's Endorse It.

At a regular meeting of the Greene County (N. Y.) Medical Society, the physicians of the county passed a vote of thanks for samples of Gilmore's Aromatic Wine, which had been presented to the society, and said that they recognized the remedy as being adapted to large classes of summer diseases. Physicians everywhere recommend this excellent medicine, especially to their lady patients. Sold by all druggists for \$1.00 per bottle.

Mowing Machine Oil, best quality.

50 cents per gallon at McMonagle & Rogers' Drug Store.

THE HANGING OF PRENDERGAST.

Mayor Harrison's Brutal Murderer Meets His Death Gamely.

CHICAGO, July 14.—Nearly nine months have elapsed since the bullet of an assassin deprived Chicago of her chief executive, the state of one of her most illustrious citizens and the country at large of a statesman and a patriot. Yesterday the crime was avenged, and Patrick Eugene Prendergast suffered an ignominious death at the hands of the hangman.

The execution was devoid of incident, for the assassin went to his death like an ox going to the shambles. Up to the last moment the hope of intercession from some source or another did not desert him, although he was fully cognizant of the fact that all efforts in both state and federal courts and in the executive chamber had been exhausted. When it came to the end he served himself for a supreme effort, and paid the penalty of his crime without a whimper and without a word.

The jail officials said after the execution that the condemned man had requested an indulgence of twenty minutes after reaching the scaffold for the purpose of making a speech. He was dissuaded from this intention, however, by Father Barry, who was with him from the time he awoke, at 6 o'clock in the morning, until the trap fell at 11:15.

THE EARTHQUAKES IN TURKEY.

The Shocks Continue, Bringing with Them Death and Destruction.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 14.—Earthquake shocks continue at irregular intervals.

The sea of Marmora seems to be the center of the disturbances. The inhabitants of the city have been driven to a condition of abject fear by the repeated disturbances, and in all the places which have felt the earthquakes a state of panic exists.

Houses have been deserted, and the people are clustered in the parks, gardens and fields. All are suffering hardships,

and the exposure is especially severe on the sick and persons injured by falling debris of houses wrecked by the earth

shocks. The sultan ordered that a supply

of food and tents be distributed wherever

needed, and that everything possible be

done for the comfort of the suffering.

The technical commission is engaged in

demolishing all unsafe buildings. A wing

of the military school fell, killing three

persons and wounding twenty-two. Many

houses have been extricated from ruins in

various parts of the city. The shocks

were very severe at Adabazar. One hundred

and thirty houses were wrecked and twenty-two persons lost their lives.

Ousting English Officers.

OTTAWA, July 14.—The Dominion govern

ment has decided to make changes in

the headquarters of the militia. The first

of these was the retirement of Major

General Cameron, commandant of the

Royal Military college at Kingston, Ont.

the West Point of Canada. Members of

parliament have insisted that Canadians

should be given good positions instead of

English officers, as is now the case. Mr.

Cameron's position will be given to Col.

Colonel Gordon Ridout, a Canadian. Major

General Herbert, commander-in-chief of

the Canadian militia, declines to resign.

The policy of the government in the fu

ture will be to engage Englishmen only

when a Canadian cannot be had to fill the

position.

No War Between China and Japan.

LOXHORN, July 14.—Both China and

Japan have accepted in a friendly spirit

the offer of the Earl of Kimberley, the

secretary of state for foreign affairs, of the

good offices of the British government

in order to settle the disputes regarding

Corea. Twelve representatives of both

China and Japan will shortly confer with

the Earl of Kimberley with the view of

settling upon the basis of an amicable ar

rangement.

Cape May's First Hanging.

CAPE MAY C. H., July 14.—Richard

Pearce, the 23-year-old mulatto who killed

his wife in February last, was hanged

yesterday. The murderer confessed to

killing his wife with a hatchet and cut

ting her throat with a razor. He walked

to the gallows with a firm tread, and as

the deputy sheriff put the noose around

his neck he turned and said: "Don't

shake; take your time."

Two Saved from the Gallows.

MONTGOMERY, Ark., July 14.—Jim Gal

loway and Joe Woodley were hanged in

the yard of the county jail for the atroc

ious assassination of a prominent young

merchant, Ed. Grant, in his store near

Montgomery last March. Four men were

to have been hanged for the murder, but

on Thursday Governor Jones respite

Alonzo and Willard Woodley.

Fulford Not a Criminal.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 14.—Edward Ful

ford, the champion wing shot of the

world, was acquitted by a jury of the

charge of embezzlement from the Long

Distance Telephone company, of which

Fulford was a minor official. Fulford

DID YOU EVER

hear tell of a purchaser wanting to buy an imitation? Why do men who try to sell such articles speak of the act as "working them off?" Simply because people want the best, and it takes work and likewise deception to sell them the worst. This unpleasant experience may befall the housekeeper who determines to

TRY COTTOLENE

the new vegetable shortening. The healthfulness, flavor, and economy of this wonderful cooking product has won for it the widest popularity, which in turn has attracted the attention of business parasites who are "working off" imitations and counterfeits. Forewarned is forearmed. Be sure you get the only genuine vegetable shortening—COTTOLENE.

Sold in 3 and 5 pound pails.
Made only by
N. K. FAIRBANK & CO.,
CHICAGO, AND
PRODUCE EXCHANGE,
NEW YORK.

WE CURE RUPTURE!

Quickly and permanently. Treatments given without risk to sight. Treatments cure. No pain, danger or detriment from business. Confinement free to men, women, and children. No pay until cured.

DRS. JONES & POTTER,
1270 Broadway, Near 33d St.,
New York.

Russell House, Middletown,
EVERY THURSDAY, 11 TO 4.

TESTIMONIALS.
No. 57 WEST MAIN ST.,
MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Feb. 10, '94.
This is to certify that I have been ruptured
on both sides twenty-five years.
That Drs. Jones and Potter, of 1270 Broadway,
New York, Rupture Specialists, have
completely cured me in seven weeks.
I have not had any inconvenience from the
treatment. I have been examined by two physicians of
Middletown, and they both pronounce me
cured. WM. INMAN.

We refer by permission to a few of our
patients.
Wilbur Brown, 140 Monhagen Avenue, Mid-
dleton.
Cooper DeGraw, ex-Coroner, Middletown.
William Brown, 40 Spring Street.
Via, New York.
M. H. Dugan.
George Morris, 151 Monhagen Ave.,
Lee T. Writer, Pine Island.
Grant Terrellinger, Middletown.
Mrs. Griffith, Port Jervis.

Anything to Keep the Sun Off

these times. Among them are 100 or more ladies' untrimmed hats, all kinds, braids, chips and styles right in our way they are yours at 25c each, and won't last long. Berlin lisle black mitts 10c, gloves 10c; Milanese lisle black mitts 15c, gloves 18c; pure silk black mitts 24c, gloves 25c; Taffeta silk gloves 18c, worth 33 per cent. more; dotted Swiss 12c, 18, 20c, worth 15, 20, 25c; India linen 6, 8, 10, 12, 15c, worth 10, 12, 15, 20c; mosquito netting 5c. per yard, all colors; French's half pint bay rum 10c, men's French Balbriggan underwear 25c, worth 35c; camel's hair mixture 35c worth 50 cents. "Economy is wealth." Economize at the

ECONOMY STORE,
114 North St.

Furniture and Wall Paper

In making your selection, get something sensible and useful. JACOB GROH, East Main Street, next to the Congregational Church, has exactly what you want. Pictures, rockers, handsome rockers, beautiful camp chairs, comfortable upholstered chairs, and all the useful and beautiful articles that go to make up the stock of a first class furniture store. All very cheap. As my customers say, "but a fraction of North Street dealers, and I gave my customers the benefit. Remember the place."

JACOB GROH,
Next to Congregational Church, East Main St.

THE REALITY.

[A woman's reply to a man who said that women caused all the trouble in the world.] You say 'tis the woman that caused Adam's fall. I think I can prove it was not so at all. Just look in your Bible, and you will perceive God's command was to Adam, but never to Eve. Although she, like a woman, the penalty paid, The fruit was forbidden before she was made. But after his sin, Adam, just like a man, walks round back of Eve as fast as he can. When he hears the Lord's voice in the garden at night, And he whispers: "Lord, she ate it. I just took a bite." And she says that sat time, I am sorry to say, Man always has acted the very same way. And when never there is trouble of any kind, The wife takes the brunt, while the man sneaks behind. Eat up pops his head from behind his safe cover. When trials are past and dangers are over, And he crows loud and long, like a bold chanteuse! "See, I shield and protect her, the weak little dear! How noble is man! for you know all the evil was caused, not by man, but by Eve and the devil." —Ella M. Proper in Minneapolis Housekeeper.

THE RED DOMINO.

"Botheration!" said Captain Hugh Walters to himself as the express train from Nice drew up with a sudden jerk at the station of M——, some six hours from Paris.

The guards presently came to the door of the compartment to inform messieurs les voyageurs that a serious collision had taken place between M—— and the next station, and that the traffic would not be resumed in all likelihood till after 12 that night. It was then 7.

The captain determined to seek the best hotel in the place and console himself in the meantime with a good dinner. And in a very short time he was seated at the table d'hôte in the Hotel des Etrangers.

Captain Hugh Walters was a young officer, only recently promoted to his present rank. He had paid a short visit to Monte Carlo among other places, and having plenty of money to throw away had, of course, essayed his fortune at the gaming tables.

His luck had been extraordinary. The very fact that money was no object to him seemed, strangely enough, to have gained him all the more the smile of fortune.

Most of the money he carried in the shape of notes in the pockets of a leather belt.

He had received a telegram which had greatly disturbed him. It was from the mother of his fiancee in London and ran thus: "Ethel is dangerously ill with pneumonia. Come home at once."

He was barely seated at the table before he had discovered a couple of acquaintances—Americans whom he had met at Monte Carlo, and who had left that place a few days previously for M——. In their society he was compelled to banish his grief and to conceal his anxiety. That very evening they said there was to be a grand masked ball at the Casino. Would he not come to it?

The captain was in no mood for dancing that evening, but he could allege no good excuse.

As he was about to mount the steps of the Casino a thought struck him, and he turned toward the driver of the cabriolet. Just at that moment he noticed his two fellow travelers, the Italians, pass by the Casino, arm in arm. He fancied that they also recognized him.

However, the incident did not strike him as remarkable, and calling out to the cabman, "Call for me at 11:45 punctually," he passed into the Casino.

At any other time such a scene would have had its charms for the captain. He had been well "looked after" by his friends, who had left him small time to himself and had dragged him from partner to partner. At last he was left for a short time to his own devices. The clock was striking the hour of 11 when, although it was yet so early, he finally decided to go. He would go to his hotel on foot, and the walk, he thought, would do him good.

Fate decreed otherwise, however. Before he had reached the exit of the ballroom he was buttonholed by one of his American friends.

"What, going already? This will never do!" he exclaimed. "There is a lady just arrived whom I am determined you shall dance with. She seems a great beauty, and the Comte du Val, one of the stewards, says she is the best dancer in M——."

As he finished the Comte du Val came up with the lady in question. The lady wore a domino of a deep red silk, which effectively concealed her identity. When she was introduced to Walters, only her eyes were visible. These were of exceptional beauty—the color of a very dark blue, so deep that it approached to black. The captain was immediately drawn to her by their fascination.

So far he had only known one person with such eyes as these, and that was his faraway fiancee, the girl on whom all his anxious thoughts were now centered.

He at once begged that he might have the next dance. The lady gracefully bowed her assent, her manner plainly indicating that for the present at least it was her pleasure to maintain her incognito by an absolute silence.

Not a word fell from the lady's lips, notwithstanding that the captain had felt it imminent upon him to speak occasionally, and they continued to dance in complete silence—on her part at least.

For all this the time passed, as it seemed to him, like a pleasing dream. He forgot all about his journey, the hour of his departure and his order to the cabman—forgot everything, in fact, even Ethel, while under the spell that the eyes of his companion seemed to have weaved about him.

He was suddenly recalled to himself by the chiming of the great clock of the Casino as he was leading his partner to her seat at the end of an enjoyable waltz.

THE ARGUS: SATURDAY, JULY 14, '94.

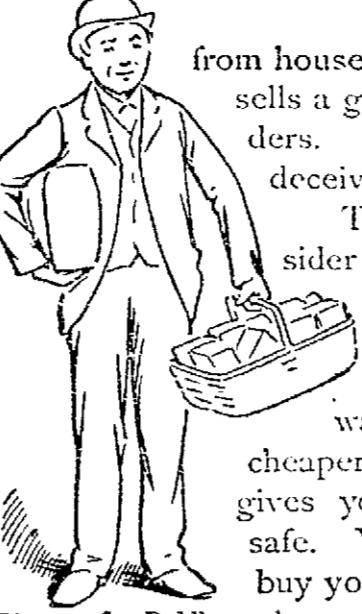
Peddling

from house to house, with "prizes" thrown in, sells a good many pretty poor washing-powders. Don't let these worthless prizes deceive you.

They don't amount to anything. Consider their value if you bought them in the regular way, and compare this with the value of ruined linens, paints, etc., that you risk with these washing-powders. There's nothing cheaper to wash with than Pearline. That gives you easy washing that is absolutely safe. You would better use Pearline, and buy your own prizes. You'd save money.

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—send it back.

—JAMES PYLE, New York.



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—JAMES PYLE, New York.

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ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual tipitation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities command it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY.
NEW YORK, N.Y.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

Notes of Sunday Services and Other Matters of Religious Interest.

—The Y. M. C. A. meeting at Willow Grove, to-morrow, at 3 p. m., will be addressed by Mr. Freeland Blakeney and others.

—Grace Episcopal Church, Rev. David Evans, B. A., rector.—Eighth Sunday after Trinity. Holy communion 6:30 a. m.; Sunday School 9:45; morning prayer and sermon 11; choral even song at 7:30 p. m.

—First Presbyterian Church—Service by the pastor Rev. Thos. Gordon, D. D., at 11 a. m. No service in the afternoon. Sunday School and Endeavor services at the usual hours.

—Faith Mission, 11 Mill street, Elder D. L. Conkling pastor.—Sunday School at 2 p. m.; interesting gospel meetings at 3 and 7:30. All welcome. Seats free and the poor especially welcome.

—First Congregational Church.—Rev. Wm. A. Robinson, D. D., pastor. Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.; morning service with sermon at 11 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Young People's meeting at 6:30 p. m.; evening service at 7:30 p. m. Subject of evening sermon, "Clumsy Remedies."

—Quarterly meeting at the A. M. Zion Church; love feast, 11 a. m., and preaching by the Rev. J. A. Matte, of Port Jervis; communion, 3:30 p. m.; sermon by the Rev. William H. Abbott, of Newburgh; baptism and receiving of members, 7:30 p. m.; preaching by Elder Abbott; P. M. Jackson, pastor.

—North Street Congregational Church.—Morning service at 10:30 a. m., preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Norris; Sunday School immediately after the morning service. Y. P. S. C. E at 6:30 p. m. Evening service, preaching by the pastor, at 7:30 p. m. A song service will open the evening service. Seats free; strangers welcome.

—First Baptist Church, Rev. Frank A. Heath pastor.—Worship, with sermon, at 11 a. m. Bible school at 12:15 p. m. B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 p. m. Worship, with sermon, at 7:30 p. m. Subject—"An Old Time Hero." Our seats are all and always free. Everybody welcome.

—St. Paul's M. E. Church, Rev. Dr. Darwood, pastor.—Morning subject, "A time of joy on the mountain." The funeral services of the late Mrs. M. A. Downs will be held in the evening, conducted by Rev. B. H. Burch, assisted by the pastor. Sunday School at 9:30 and class meeting at 10 a. m.; Epworth League prayer meeting at 6:30 p. m.

—Free Christian Church.—Rev. C. M. Winchester, pastor, preaches the second in the series, on the "Garden of Eden," at 7:30 to-morrow night. Short discourse on "The Loneliness in the Garden." Other meetings and Sunday school at usual hours. Beginning to-morrow, the choir will have a vacation for six weeks, during the heated term. During this time there will be congregational singing. Every one is welcome to our meetings.

The Photograph of the Future.

"A photograph that flatters will soon be a thing of the past," said a photographer the other day. "It will be impossible to make our faces appear to the most advantage by a clever pose, for the latest innovation in photography, the multiphotograph, which is destined to become the photographic portrait of the future, will reveal all our defects and crudities. The great study which young women give their faces, to find out in which position—side, three-quarter or full face—they look the best, will all be put to naught, for the multiphotograph will take them in all these positions and others as well."

The process makes it possible to obtain a perfect likeness of a person, as one is able to see the face and head in all possible positions and can thus get all the characteristics. This new effect is obtained by mirrors being placed at certain angles. When a person stands in front of the glasses, his likeness is reflected from 6 to 12 times, according to the arrangement of the mirrors, each image being in a different position, so that the same effect is obtained that would be secured if you were to walk around a person, viewing him from all sides and points.

"The operator photographs the subject and the reflections in the mirrors. The result is the multiphotograph. I think it is destined to become the photograph of the future, as it is the only thing that will give you a likeness of a person as seen from all sides. Art in this case must succumb to nature, and the instruction that is too frequently given the photographer, 'Make me as pretty as you can,' will have to be done away with."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

OLD AESOP'S STORY.

It is About a Rebellion that Ended in Flat Failure.

That wise old slave, *Aesop*, tells how the jaws and the arms refused to supply and to grind food for the stomach which, they said, was a lazy thing living on its neighbors. Of course the rebellious members suffered and grew weak. As what we call science did not exist in *Aesop's* day, it isn't likely that even he understood the full force of this fable.

We understand to-day the supreme importance of treating the stomach well, for the consequences of indigestion, extend from the brain to the toes. Because of bad indigestion, there are so many skinny, pale, bloodless men and women in the world. Nothing will fatten and strengthen them unless they can find a food that will pass from the stomach into the blood without digestion. *Paskola* is such a pre-digested food.

"It gives me great pleasure," says Dr. G. W. Babcock, of Chelsea, Mass., "to speak in the highest terms of your delightful preparation, *Paskola*. I have lately prescribed it for one of my lady patients, and I am greatly surprised at its wonderful power as a flesh producer. The young lady has been out of health and losing flesh. She began taking *Paskola* as directed. Her weight was 103 pounds. She has taken four bottles and now weighs 109 pounds, and is looking much improved. She says she feels like a new creature. This change has been brought about by *Paskola*."

Another physician's testimony:

OSWEGO, N. Y., May 21, 1894.

GENTLEMEN.—The bottle of *Paskola* I received a week ago to-day and I immediately commenced the use of it, in connection with Poland water. I am feeling very much better and have increased 1½ pounds. During the eight days' use of *Paskola*, no eruptions of gas, in fact, seeming perfect digestion. If this condition continues, I shall be a devotee of *Paskola* and will prescribe it when indicated to my patients.

Sincerely yours,

E. M. MANWAREN, M. D.

Paskola may be obtained of any reputable retail druggist and a pamphlet fully descriptive will be mailed upon application to The Pre-Digested Food Co., 30 Reade street, New York.

SOUTH CENTREVILLE.

Communion Services—Many Interesting Personal and Local Notes, Correspondence Aunts and Uncles.

—Communion services will be held in the Presbyterian Church, of this place, Sunday, July 22.

—Miss Fannie Tryon, who has been attending school at New Paltz, is home on her vacation.

—Miss Hattie Bennett, of Walden, is visiting at her brother's, Martin Bennett, of this place.

—Miss Lizzie Mapes, of Port Jervis, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Robertson, of this place.

—Harry Crist, of Middletown, is visiting at his uncle's, John R. Tryon's, near this place.

—Mrs. Frank Claypole and daughter, Ada, recently visited at Martin Bennett's.

—Quite a number from this place attended the Fourth of July celebration at Middletown.

—Jas. N. Carr recently purchased a new Buckeye hay rake of George Clark, at Johnson.

—Frank Remey, son of Edson Remey, who has been attending school at Port Jervis, the past year, is home on his vacation.

—Croquet seems to be the fad in South Centreville, this summer.

—Nathan Carr, of Pine Island, recently visited his brother, James N. Carr, of this place.

THE PRESIDENT COMING TO MIDDLETOWN.

The Sick May Receive Medical Services Free of Charge.

The President and members of the European and American Staff of German, English, Irish, Scandinavian and American Doctors of New York city will be at the Russell House, Middletown, on

Tuesday, July 24th, one day only. The sick and afflicted may consult them without charge during their stay.

If you are incurable they will tell you; therefore invalids must not take offence if they are rejected, as no case will be accepted unless there is a moral certainty of a cure being effected. These Doctors are graduates of the best universities of Europe and America; they are of the highest standing in the medical profession and have had unlimited experience in the treatment of all Chronic Diseases and Deformities. As the latest methods, instruments and appliances of the various schools of both the Old and the New World are familiar to and at the command of this staff of doctors, it is reasonable to believe that in ninety cases out of every hundred a cure can be effected, even when the patients have been given up as incurable by doctors who have had less experience. Do not be discouraged because your doctor cannot give you relief, or even if he tells you that you cannot get well, for it matters not what your disease may be, you can consult the doctors free, and, if curable, they will treat you; if incurable, they will give you such advice as will tend to prolong life and afford you the greatest relief.

The doctor will visit Middletown one day each month. Office hours from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Bring or forward this coupon, together with ten cents to the Coupon Department of *DAILY ARGUS*, and there will be delivered to you, any one number of the series as above.

COUPON.

"America's Greatest Men and Women."

Parts Nos. 1 to 15.

DAILY ARGUS.

Bring or forward this coupon, together with ten cents to the Coupon Department of *DAILY ARGUS*, and there will be delivered to you, any one number of the series as above.

Mowing Machine Oil, best quality, 50 cents per gallon at McMonagle & Rogers' Drug Store.

Go by the book on Beecham's Pills,

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

NEW YORK, July 13.—The share speculation opened firm and was strong during the morning and early afternoon. The market began to unsettled soon after midday, and a part of the list sagged off, subsequently rallying with a slight reaction after delivery hour closing bids.

Lehigh Valley 37 W. N. Y. & Pa. . . . 27

Pennsylvania 484 Erie 14

Reading 17 D. L. & W. . . . 1004

St. Louis 504 West Shore 103

Lehigh Navigation 501 N. Y. Central 97

N. Y. & N. E. . . . 84 Lake Erie & W. 15½

New Jersey Central 104½ Del. & Hudson 129½

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Flour steady; winter wheat, \$2 10½-25; do. extra, \$2 27½-40;

No. 2 winter family, \$2 40½-60; Pennsylvania roller straight, \$2 70½-25; western winter clear, \$2 50½-25; Wheat quiet, steady, with 52½ bid and 58½ asked for July; Corn dull, firm, with 50½ bid and 50½ asked for July; Oats quiet, steady, with 50½ bid and 58½ asked for July; Beef dull; beef hind, \$2 10½-15; extra mess, \$2 50½-15; Beef hind, \$2 10½-15; extra mess, \$2 50½-15; Pork firm; Lard, lower; western steam, \$1 27½ city, \$2 75 Butter dull; western dairy, \$1 27½ city; creamery, 14½-15c; Peas, 15½-16c; creamery prints, fancy, 21c; Peas, choice, 20c; do, fair to good, 18½-19c; Peas, 15½-16c; Cheese firm; New York, large, 14½-15c; Eggs, 14½-15c; Eggs, 14½-15c; small, 14½-15c; Eggs, dull, New York and Pennsylvania, 14½-15c; western fresh, 11½-12c; cases, \$1 23½-25.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Beefs very dull; poor prime native steers, \$3 50½-65 per 100 lbs; oxen, \$3 52½-60; bulls, and cows, \$3 50½-65.

Calves dull; poor prime veals, \$3 50½-65; buttermilk calves, \$2 32½-45. Sheep barely steady; lambs lower; poor to prime sheep, \$2 50½-65 per 100 lbs; common to prime lambs, \$1 25½-35. Hogs steady; ordinary to good hogs, \$5 25½-35.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., July 13.—Cattle dull; prime, \$1 50½-65; good butchers, \$2 50½-65; good fat cows and heifers, \$2 50½-65. Hogs dull and lower; Philadelphia, \$5 10½-15; best Workers, \$5 10½-15; common to fair Workers, \$1 90-25. Sheep dull and unchanged.

Engineer Killed, Fireman Fatally Scalded

SENECA, Mo., July 14.—A south bound freight from the Kansas City, Pittsburg and Gulf railroad met with a disastrous wreck at McElhenny Switch, five miles south of Neosho, killing Engineer Travers instantly and fatally scalding the fireman, G. A. Granize. The accident was caused by a misplaced switch.

Killed by a Trolley Car.

NEW YORK, July 14.—An old woman, apparently about 70 years of age, was knocked down and instantly killed by a trolley car of the Union Railway company at One Hundred and Thirty-third street and Lincoln avenue. Motorman Charles McLaughlin and Conductor William Key were arrested.

Archbishop Ryan Will Investigate.

READING, Pa., July 14.—It is announced that Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, will visit this city tomorrow to inquire into the fractional troubles in St. Mary's Catholic church. Archbishop Ryan has written a letter to the church directing that the edifice be closed for the present.

Muley Mohammed Imprisoned.

ROME, July 14.—A telegram received here from Tangier reports that Muley Mohammed, the sultan's elder brother, has been imprisoned by the governor of that city, for intriguing to induce the powerful Rohamma tribe to proclaim him sultan.

PRANKS PLAYED BY SPIRITS.

Slade Gives a Midnight Exhibition of His Power Over the Invisible.

"Once," said the real estate man, "before I fell from grace, I was a reporter on a paper down in the central part of the state. There were a good many spiritualists in the city where I worked, and I got rather interested in the belief myself. I had been to numerous seances and seen some things that puzzled me, and I hailed the coming of Slade, the great slate writer, with joy. I thought that he could, if he chose, clear up a lot of foggy points for me and either make me a full fledged believer or show me that the whole thing was a fake.

"Slade came to town, and I got well acquainted with him. He gave a number of seances, and I attended all of them. One night I went to the hotel where he was staying and had a long talk with him. I didn't get much satisfaction, I am free to confess. Just as I was about to start for home a very heavy snowstorm came up, and Slade kindly invited me to share his room. We went to bed about 12 o'clock.

"I confess that I was a trifle scared. I thought that a man who had the control over the spirits that Slade seemed to possess might have supernatural visitors at night, and I didn't exactly relish the programme. However, it was very stormy outside, and I concluded that I would rather take the chances of a visitation from a few spirits, more or less, than walk a mile through a blizzard. Slade kept talking cheerfully about all sorts of things until we were undressed and in bed and the lights had been put out. Then he relapsed into silence. I turned over on my side and tried to get to sleep. The room was quiet as the grave. Suddenly I heard something strike bang against the wall, and I sat straight up in bed. One of my shoes had left its place on the floor and had been thrown with terrific force against the wall.

"This was the beginning of a series of remarkable happenings that lasted three hours. Every article in the room was thrown around promiscuously. The furniture was banged against the ceiling. The bed, a heavy affair, was picked up and cracked against the wall with a jar that nearly threw me out of it. To cap it all, something got hold of the bedclothes and began to pull them off. I hung on to them with all my strength, but they were drawn off and thrown in a heap in the middle of the room. All this time Slade lay on his back on his side of the bed. He never moved, so far as I could see, nor did he say word.

"I didn't sleep much that night. Slade told me that he had the spirits do these things. I don't know whether he did or not, but I do know that I wouldn't spend such another night for a good bit of money, and I further know that I cannot explain the phenomena on any other basis than that something was doing these things at Slade's behest."

—Buffalo Express.

The people quickly recognize merit and this is the reason the sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla are continually increasing. Hood's is "on top."

—Buffalo Express.

Mowing Machine Oil, best quality, 50 cents per gallon at McMonagle & Rogers' Drug Store.

DAILY ARGUS.

C. MACARDELL,
PUBLISHERGEORGE H. THOMPSON,
C. MACARDELL,
J. E. ROBINSON,
A. E. NICHISON,
EDITORS
CITY EDITOR
BUSINESS MANAGER

SATURDAY, JULY 14, 1894.

The report of the managers of New Jersey's insane asylums shows that there are 3,103 patients in the Trenton and Morris Plains asylums who were supported, last year, at a cost of \$477,531.46. In the nine county asylums 1,191 patients were cared for. The total value of the two State asylums is put at \$3,523,405.38.

The annual report of the Bureau of Statistics of Pennsylvania, shows that, last year, there were fifty-three strikes in that State, not one of which was successful. The number of men engaged in these fruitless efforts to compel capital to grant the demands of labor was 17,000. The estimated loss in wages was \$1,325,423.

Considerable progress was made yesterday, by the Conference committee on the tariff bill. Many minor points of difference have been arranged, most of the reductions made by the Senate having been conceded and the verbal amendments made by the Senate for the purpose of improving the phraseology of the measure having been agreed to. The most important agreement reached, yesterday, was in regard to woolen duties, the rates on woolen goods of all kinds having been changed back to substantially the figures in the Wilson bill. This is to be accompanied by a reduction of the rates on other textile fabrics, and the duties on cotton goods, which were arranged on a such a "scientific" basis as to be satisfactory to Senator Aldrich, are to be materially lowered. The House conferees are determined that coal, iron ore and silver-lead ores must go back on the free list. The greatest struggle will be over sugar, and it is predicted that forty per cent. ad valorem on all sugars, regardless of color or fineness, will be all the duty that the House will assent to.

The certificate of incorporation of an electric railway company, with a capital of \$10,000,000, which proposes to connect New York and Philadelphia by a trolley line, with branches extending to all cities and large towns in the central part of the State, was filed in the office of New Jersey's Secretary of State at Trenton, yesterday. The right of way has nearly all been secured and franchises have been obtained in all important places. The system, when complete, will have not less than 1,000 miles of track. It is proposed to build the road in sections, the important and populous points being first connected, so as to give immediate accommodation to local travel and put the road on a paying basis as fast as it is built. Pennsylvania railroad capital is largely interested in the new company and it is expected that the new business, which will be brought to that road by the electric lines to places at a distance from it, will more than compensate for any loss of business that may result from the opening of a new means of communication between New York and Philadelphia and intermediate points.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY.

Quarterly Report of the Librarian—Increase in the Number of Books Loaned.

The report of the Librarian to the Board of Education, last evening, shows that for the quarter ending July 1st, 6,170 books were loaned, 2,767 in April, 2,010 in May and 1,776 in June, an increase of 68 over the corresponding quarter of 1893.

The library collected in exceeding the quarter \$41.63 and \$1.12 from sale of catalogues and expended for various purposes \$8.53, leaving with the amount on hand at the beginning of the quarter a balance of \$22.57.

WATER WONT RUN UP HILL.

Slight Defect in the North Street Grade Near Orchard Street.

While the North street pavement was being laid the sidewalk committee was divided in opinion as to whether the grade from the postoffice to the sewer basin at the Orchard street corner was just what it should be, many contending that the basin was not low enough. To-day's storm demonstrated that these critics of City Engineer Smith's grade knew just what they were talking about for the water settled in a low place south of the basin. It will be necessary to lower the basin an inch or two, in order to make the grade right.

Hood's Helped Wonderfuly.

MORRISON, N.Y., June 21, 1894.—I have been badly afflicted with pains in my head and shoulders. I have taken three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla which have helped me wonderfully.—N. K. Harris.

Hood's Pills act easily yet promptly on the liver and kidneys.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

STRIKE LEADERS CONSULTING

Will Not Own Themselves Beaten—Railroad Officials Say They Have Plenty of Men.

By United Press

CHICAGO, July 14.—The refusal of the Railway Managers' Association to consider the proposal of the Railway Union for a settlement of the strike, has caused much disappointment and has intensified the bitter feeling entertained by the strikers against the railroads.

The Executive Board of the A. R. U. met at 10 o'clock, this morning, to discuss the Managers' action. In the face of the fact that the American Federation of Labor has refused to aid the strike and the further fact that the Chicago Trades Council rescinded its strike order of Tuesday at a meeting, last night, it is difficult to see how the A. R. U. can better the situation by continuing the strike.

SAY THE STRIKE IS STILL ON.

CHICAGO, July 14.—The strike leaders, to-day, say the strike is still on, and that war will be waged to the bitter end, while the railway managers say the strike is a thing of the past. They say they have all the men they need. Freighters are being rapidly moved. Throughout the city the trades union men are returning to work.

Vice-President Howard is not at all despondent. He said, to-day, the strike is not off. He declared that it would be continued and that the A. R. U. men at the Milwaukee and St. Paul and North Western roads would be ordered out to-day. There are, however, no signs of strike on either road.

THE RACES AT THE CAMPBELL TRACK.

Over Four Thousand Dollars in Stakes and Purse—Purses for the Different Races.

The Middletown Fair and Driving Park Association offers \$4,650 in stakes and purses for the races which will take place on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Aug. 21, 22, 23 and 24, divided as follows:

TUESDAY, AUG. 21.

2:30 trotting stake (filled) \$500; 3:00 trotting \$300; yearling stake (filled) \$150.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 22.

2:30 pacing race \$400; 2:24 trotting \$500; two-year-old stakes (filled) \$300.

THURSDAY, AUG. 23.

2:35 trotting race \$400; 2:19 trotting race \$500; three-year-old stakes (filled) \$200.

FRIDAY, AUG. 24.

2:45 trotting race \$300; 2:27 trotting race \$400; four-year-old stakes (filled) \$200.

LIZZIE HALLIDAY EXAMINED.

The Work of the Commission Concluded—Will Report to the Governor.

Drs. J. Aldea Bloomer, James D. Spencer and J. M. Lee, the commission appointed by Gov. Flower to examine into the sanity of Lizzie Halliday, the Sullivan county murderer under sentence of death at Clinton Prison, concluded their labors at Plattsburgh Friday. The examination and tests were made in the condemned woman's cell.

The physicians would make no statement until they make their report to the Governor. Before this is done, however, the Commissioners intend to visit Mrs. Halliday's old home at Greenwich, Washington county, and trace, if possible, any signs of insanity among her relatives there. The report will be made early next week.

THE PRICE OF MEATS.

No Longer an Excuse for an Increase on Account of the Strike.

Mr. J. E. Gibbs, manager of the Miller's Beef Co., informs us that the prices of beef, which were advanced considerably on account of the strike, have been reduced to the same figures they were before the trouble, except that the heavy grades of beef are about half a cent higher. It is in order now for retailers to reduce prices correspondingly, and if they do not the people should refuse to patronize them.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE REPORT.

JAS. P. TIGHE, Commission Broker, Stern Building, 15 North street, Middletown N.Y.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or carried in account.

NEW YORK, July 11, 1894.

High Low Close

Sugar..... 97 1/2 95 1/2 97 1/2

A. T. & S. F. 6 1/2 6 1/2 6 1/2

C. B. & Q. 75 1/2 75 75

Chicago 77 1/2 76 1/2 77

16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2

Dix. & C. 16 1/2 16 1/2 16 1/2

Erie 14 1/2 14 1/2 14 1/2

General Electric 37 1/2 37 1/2 37 1/2

L. & N. 48 1/2 48 1/2 48 1/2

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MYSTERIES!

The Nervous System the Seat of Life and Mind. Recent Wonderful Discoveries.

No mystery has ever compared with that of human life. It has been the favorite subject of professed research and study in all ages. But notwithstanding this fact it is not generally known that the seat of life is located in the upper part of the spinal cord, and not in the brain, and so sensitive is this portion of the nervous system that the prick of a needle will cause instant death.

Recent discoveries have demonstrated that all the organs of the body are under the control of the nerve centers located in the back of the brain, and when these centers are diseased the part of which they supply with nerve fluid are also deranged. When it is remembered that a serious injury to the spinal cord will cause paralysis of the entire body, the injury, because the nerve force is provided by the brain from reaching the paralyzed portion, it will be understood how the derangement of the nerve centers will cause the derangement of the various organs which they supply with nerve force.

The most common nervous diseases are due to the imperfect action of the nerve centers at the base of the brain, not from a derangement primarily originating in the organs in the brain. The great mistake is that the organs in the brain are not the nerve centers which control the nerve centers which control the body.

DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., the celebrated specialist in nervous diseases, is one of the most important medical men in the country, and an outstanding figure in the field of medicine.

His great service to the world is that he treats all diseases on a positive curative basis.

Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind., on receipt of price \$1 per bottle, six bottles for six express prepaid. It contains neither opium nor dangerous drugs.

Sold by McMonagle & Rogers

CHARLES Z. TAYLOR, Contractor and Builder, No. 34 Henry street.

CHARLES J. EVERSON, successor to William W. Reeve, Surveyor and Civil Engineer, Office No. 5 King street, Middletown.

DR. FRED N. FRIEND, Dentist, Office corner of North and King streets, Middletown; on gas administered.

DRS. T. C. & FRED C. ROYCE, Dental Surgeons, Offices over National Express Co., Franklin Square, Midtown. All branches of dental operations practiced in the most approved methods. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.

MIDDLETOWN Savings Bank—Money deposited on or before the 10th days of January and July, and the 3d days of April and October, will draw interest from the 1st.

D. F. SEWARD, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Rooms 2 and 3, Lippard Building, No. 65 North street, Middletown. Particular attention given to the examination of titles to real estate.

DR. F. M. BARNES and DR. H. C. MCBRAYER, Dentists, office on Main street, corner of South street, Middletown. The office is open at all hours. Sets of teeth made for less money than at any other office in town. All are warranted.

NOTICE.

Fine Clothing Made to Order.

Suits from \$23.00 Up to \$33.00.

FANTS FROM \$5.00 UP TO \$8.00.

First-class Fit and workmanship guaranteed.

HERMAN NASS,

Custom Tailor, 36 East Main street, opposite Congregational Church. Cleaning and Repairing at the lowest prices.

JACOB CUNTHUR, DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

MEALS ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The Assembly Rooms for Balls and Entertainments.

MASONIC BUILDING, North St., Middletown.

SULPHUR BITTERS
TRUTHS FOR THE SICK.

For those DEATHLY BILIOUS SPILLS depend on Sulphur Bitters; it never fails to cure.

DO YOU SUFFER with that tired and all-gone feeling? If so use Sulphur Bitters; it will cure you.

Don't be without a bottle. TRY it. You will not regret it.

THE face of a fair face is a beautiful secret. Sulphur Bitters makes both.

If you don't wish to be a victim of RHEUMATISM, use a bottle of Sulphur Bitters; it never fails to cure.

Are you CONSTIPATED? If so, Sulphur Bitters is just what you need.

THE face, and weary mouth, the PUNY, and PINDLING children, or infants will make them lively, and healthy.

THE VITiated blood will be purified, and impurities burst in air.

IMPERFECT SKIN, PIMPLES, BLOTHES AND SORES.

DR. E. L. EVERSON, 43 James street, Middletown, N.Y.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TRAVELER.

Frank Vincent's Mileage Is Equivalent to Fourteen Journeys Around the Globe.

Frank Vincent, the well known traveler, who has just returned to New York from a 65,000 mile trip, has been making the acquaintance of different parts of the earth for 15 years, during which he has covered altogether about 350,000 miles, a distance equivalent to about 14 journeys around the world.

FRANK VINCENT, at the equator. He has thus won the right to be called the great American traveler. When Mr. Vincent left Yale about a quarter of a century ago, he found himself possessed of a large fortune and a great ambition to hobnob with the strange peoples of the earth. He believed that a man should thoroughly know his own country before he began on the others, and accordingly he made a two years' tour of the United States, visiting the capital of every state.

Then he descended upon South America, mastered the countries and their customs from Venezuela to Terre del Fuego and wrote a book describing the interesting things he saw. Europe was his next geographical feast, and for dessert he took in nearly all of Asia. When he had scaled the great wall of China, he made thousand mile excursions through different parts of the great empire. From China he traveled to India, and from India to Australia.

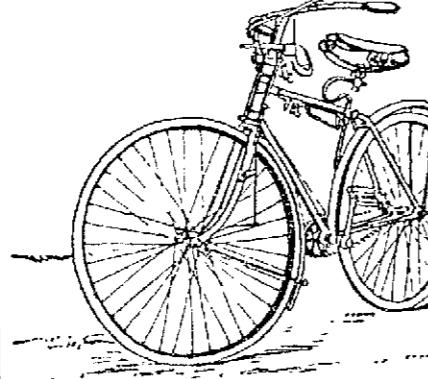
Three years ago Mr. Vincent planned a 65,000 mile trip as nonchalantly as most men would plan a visit to a neighboring city. It included a jaunt through central Asia, the thorough exploration of the island of Madagascar, which is as large as France, and a trip entirely around the great continent of Africa. In the course of his African trip he frequently left the coast line he was following and made long journeys to the interior. He followed Stanley's trail up the Congo, visited Lake Hangwolle, where Livingstone died, inspected the gold mines of the Transvaal and the diamond fields of Kimberley, looked over Dahomey, the land of the warlike amazons, visited Liberia and spent seven months in the Congo Free State.

He says German Africa is a hopeless country. The natives are savage cannibals, and a boatload of captives en route to the cannibalistic market is a common sight on the Congo. Mr. Vincent is 6 feet 2 inches tall and is so confident of his ability to look out for himself that he always travels unaccompanied by other white men.

THE WHEEL IN WAR.

A Boston Inventor Attaches Something Resembling a Gatling Gun to His Bicycle.

No less an authority than General Nelson A. Miles, the world famous Indian fighter and veteran of the late war, has testified to the probable value of the bicycle for signal service work and scouting in time of hostilities. Further than this, nearly every army of note in the world has a bicycle corps for its work, and not a few companies, equipped in "heavy marching order," have made long runs across country in much less time than the same distance could have been covered on horse-back. Inventor B. D. Stevens of Boston has given the wheel even a more warlike aspect. He has invented a sort of gatling gun attachment for a bicycle which is designed to transform the inoffensive, silent steed into a machine gun. The entire equipment is simple and does not add five pounds to the weight of the wheel. A metal jacket the shape of a



BICYCLE WITH AUTOMATIC FIRING REVOLVER. A large pistol is attached to the front of the wheel, and when a scout or skirmisher goes forth with warlike intent he can slip the pistol into his jacket, connect it with the front wheel by a series of rods and in a few moments find himself ready to give an enemy a very warm reception. The pistol carries six cartridges, and eight more may be fed into it automatically from the magazine above.

The soldier wheelman thus has 14 shots at his disposal, and, what is more important, the apparatus is so arranged that by pressing a lever on the handle bar the revolver is fired automatically by the revolving of the front wheel of the bicycle. If the rider continues to press the lever, the entire 14 shots may be fired, but by releasing it at a given time he may fire only as many as he desires. Another peculiarity of the attachment is the fact that the pistol has an arc of fire as great as the distance the handle bars will turn to right or left. If the scouts brought to bay and forced to dismount, he may either stand beside his wheel and fire the pistol by hand or attach the weapon to a light shoulder piece carried on the wheel and use it as if it were a rifle. General Miles has seen the apparatus and speaks very highly of it. His best known work thus far is the Stevens dynamite shell, which the government has successfully tested.

Forresty in Switzerland.

Stringent efforts are being made to restore Switzerland. More than 40,000,000 young trees, it is officially reported, have been planted in that country in the last seven years.

DR. E. L. EVERSON, 43 James street, Middletown, N.Y.

DR. E. L. EVERSON, 43 James street, Middletown, N.Y.

VIGOR OF MEN

Easily, Quickly, Permanently Restored

WEAKNESS, NERVOUSNESS, DEBILITY,

and all the train of evils

and early errors or late

excesses, the results of

overwork, etc. Full strength,

development and tone

given to every organ

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BUFFALO, N.Y.

\$2,200. \$2,200.

If You Want a Handsome, Neat, Cosy

Cottage of Six Rooms,

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CORNER OF TWO GOOD STREETS,

with house in first-class order, connected with sewer and supplied with city water and water closet, good well of water, cellar, etc., for only \$2,200, and the best for the money in the city, call on

A. V. BOAK,

Real Estate Agent, No. 35 North Street.

WANTED—Two thousand dollars. First

mortgage, on fine farm property,

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FOR SALE—House and lot, No. 20 Rob-

erts street. Splendid location.

TO LET—Fine store room, on West Main

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priet street.

CASE & TAYLOR,

Real Estate and Insurance Agents, No. 15

North St., Stern Building, Middletown.

insurance and Real Estate

FIRE, LIFE, TORNADO, and ACCIDENT INSUR-

ANCE. Large line of City and Country Proper-

ties for sale or exchange on easy terms.

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JOHN McWILLIAMS,

Real Estate and Insurance Agent,

No. 35 North St., Lippard Building.

ADULTERATED WINE

is injurious, but nothing gives strength, and tones up the stomach like a pure old port wine. "Royal Ruby Port," so called for its royal taste and ruby color, is on account of its purity, age and strength, particularly adapted for invalids, convalescents and the aged. Sold only in bottles (never in bulk) while cheap wine is sold by the gallon and gives larger profit to the seller but less to the user. This wine is absolutely pure, and has the age without which no wine is fit to use. Be sure you get "Royal Ruby" quart bottles \$1, pints 60 cts. Sold by

J. E. MILLS, Druggist

THE VERDICT

of all who use Studebaker Vehicles is that they meet every requirement—Well made, easy riders, lightest running and most durable. The fact is, for excellency, style and service, the STUDEBAKER WAGONS, CARRIAGES, etc., are never surpassed and seldom equalled; 35 highest awards at the World's Fair. We carry in stock a very complete and elegant line of them.

THE DRAKE & DEWITT CO.

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At the Middletown City Bookstore.

FOURTH OF JULY GOODS.

Fire Crackers, Torpedoes, Cap Pistols, Toy Cannons, Base Balls, Clubs, Masks, Gloves, Tennis Rackets, Croquet and Hammocks. Prices lower than ever this year. Call at

S. W. MILLSPAUGH & CO.'S,

20 NORTH ST. — MIDDLETOWN

BEST GRADES

OF

Flour, Grain, Hay and Mill Feeds.

C. J. EVERSON,

SUCCESSOR to Geo. L. Everson, 4 and

6 King street.

ELY'S CATERRH

CREAM BALM

Is quickly absorbed.

Cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Alleviates and

Indicates the

Respiratory and

Excretory organs.

Protects the

Montgomery from

Adverse Weather.

Restores the

Senes of Taste and

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It will cure

HAY-FEVER

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

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<p

SHOTS HERE AND THERE

AN "ARGUS" MAN OFF DUTY AIMS AT SEVERAL SUBJECTS.

Women's Interest in a New Jersey School Election—No Place in the Streets for Farmers Teams—Need of a Public Hitching Place.

Many women of South Orange, N. J., voted at the school election held there, last night. Their interest in the election was largely due to the candidacy of Mrs. Elizabeth H. Wright for trustee. Strange to say the women were almost a unit in opposing her, "because of envy," said Mrs. Wright and her friends, while the voting was in progress. After the votes were counted and it was found that Mrs. Wright had only received fifty-five out of over 300 votes cast, Mrs. Wright did not seem to herself and friends as much an object of envy as she had earlier in the evening, and the women, who had sweltered all the evening in the hot hall in which the election was held, went away, pleased with the result, but disgusted with themselves at having taken so much trouble to dispose of the ambitions of "that uppish woman, who never had any show, anyway."

The building of the electric road through all the business streets of the city leaves country people, who drive into town, without hitching places for their horses, for none of them will take the chances of leaving their teams on North, Main or James streets, where they may take flight at a passing car. Foundry street and the vacant foundry lot, Orchard, South, Canal, Mulberry and other streets, near the center of town, are utilized as hitching places by farmers, who find themselves driven from the streets on which they have been in the habit of leaving their teams, and the hotel sheds are used more generally than they were before the street railroad was in operation.

A knowledge of these facts led one of North street's prominent business men to suggest to me, yesterday, that I urge on the merchants of the city the necessity of providing a public hitching place for farmers' teams. My friend went on to say that Middletown's country trade had always contributed very largely to the prosperity of Middletown merchants and that they could not afford to neglect any means of retaining it or take any chances of its being diverted to other places. A vacant lot, not too far from the center of the city, could, he thought, be rented at not very great cost, and if the merchants all "chipped in" no one would feel the expense. Public sheds could be erected later on, if the experiment proved the success he was sure that it would. In a number of cities and large villages which recognize the value of country trade, public hitching places and public sheds have been maintained for years and have yielded very large returns on the trifling cost that they entail. The matter seems worth the careful consideration of Middletown's business men and is not beneath the notice of the Board of Trade.

OBJECTS TO THE TROLLEY SYSTEM

E. G. Fowler Don't Want a Railway Franchise Granted in Port Jervis.

Mr. E. G. Fowler has written for the Port Jervis Union, a protest against the granting of a franchise for an electric railway in Port Jervis. He objects to the "disfiguring of the streets by the erection of poles and wires," and says if the village must have a street railway to build horse or cable road. Other objections urged are the danger to life and limb and injury to water pipes by electrolysis. It is doubtful if Mr. Fowler's objections will have any weight with the Board of Trustees.

The Cost of the Asphalt Pavings.

The Port Jervis Union says, "Ed. Brown has completed his \$17,000 paving contract." Those who will be required to foot the bill would probably make a grand kick if the cost of the paving was the amount stated by the Union. The actual cost, which is about \$5,000, will be as much as they will care to pay, even for as fine a pavement as they now have on North street.

Real Estate Sales.

The Eagle Hotel in Walden was sold under foreclosure of mortgage, on Tuesday, July 10, to Newton Van Keuren, of Newburgh, for \$7,000.

Their Name is Legion.

There are many blood purifying medicines.

There is but one Blood's Sarsaparilla.

Do not allow high-sounding advertisements of other devices to turn you from your purpose to take Blood's Sarsaparilla, because in this simple cure is right and will not be disappointed in the result.

It is a safe rule, if an honest one, to honestly advertise effects first and, last, give every patron a receipt for his money.

What can you reasonably ask?

If it fails, it guarantees a complete

A DELIBERATE SUICIDE.

Did Not Want to Live and See His Family Suffer on Account of Business Reverses.

Gustave Laegolla, of Newburgh, who shot himself on his son's grave in Tarrytown, had a letter in his pocket addressed to a Tarrytown undertaker, in which, after requesting him to take charge of his body and make it as presentable if his family should desire to look at it, gave as the cause of the act that he could not bear to see his family suffer on account of his misadventure in business.

The revolver with which Laegolla shot himself was old, rusty and the hammer was broken, but he had drilled a hole in the portion of the hammer left, attached a chain to this and with the chain discharged the weapon, putting three balls into his head. A fourth cartridge was discharged but the revolver was so rusty the bullet lodged in the barrel. Laegolla has about one chance in one hundred to recover.

WON WITHOUT A CONTEST.

The Second Prize in the Tennis Tournament.

Messrs. Phillip Rorty, T. Ed. Hayes and F. C. Royce were to contest, yesterday, for the second prize in the tennis tournament, but Messrs. Hayes and Royce being unable to play, the prize, a cane umbrella, valued at \$5, was awarded to Mr. Rorty.

It is but justice to Mr. Rorty to say that he generously offered to postpone the contest, until next week, but Messrs. Hayes and Royce would not consent to this and he was compelled to accept the prize.

MIDNIGHT CRIES OF "MURDER."

An Incident that Startled Residents of Mill Street—Believed to be a Case of Wife Beating.

Residents of Mill street were startled near the midnight hour, last night, by the shrieks of a woman who ran through the street crying "murder" at the top of her voice. Those who looked out of their windows saw a man pursuing the woman.

A man living in that neighborhood who is in the habit of beating his wife is believed to have been at his old tricks. He should have been arrested and punished.

ELLENVILLE.

Prospecting on the Shawangunks—Secured Places in the Public Printing Office—Other Notes of Interest.

Correspondence Anus and MERCURY.

Prof. A. Heilpum, of the U. S. Geological Survey and class of nine pupils from Philadelphia, are stopping at the Russell House while making prospecting tours on the Shawangunks. Prof. Heilpum also bears the distinction of being President of the Peary Relief Auxiliary of Philadelphia. The party contemplates taking a trip to the Bermuda Islands next month. The party is made up as follows: Misses Emma Walker, Virginia Maitland, Mary S. Holmes, Laura Craven, S. Wardle, Messrs. C. S. Bargel, L. Boutilios, Prof. A. Heilpum.

Bert Rockwell and Wm. Cameron, of this place, have received appointments under Public Printer Benedict, of Washington, D. C.

Fire escapes have been placed on Masonic Hall.

The Wild West excursion, next Tuesday, will take a number of our people on a day's outing.

Geo. H. Wescott has sold his blacksmithing establishment to Eli VanAken, formerly proprietor of the Famous Shoe House.

Ellenville has been blessed with the sweet strains of a traveling band of musicians this week.

Beers & Co., who were burned out a short time ago, have moved into the Armory on Market street.

A Suicide's Missing Money.

Mrs. Underhill, who committed suicide near Sidney, a few days ago, drew \$50 from the bank, a few days before she took her life. She left \$125 with which to pay her funeral expenses but no trace of the rest of the money has been found. Mrs. Underhill, on the day of her death, destroyed a great quantity of letters and papers and many believe that she destroyed the money at the same time.

Dr. Hand's Diarrhea Mixture.

"My baby is subject to severe attacks of diarrhea. During the last sickness Dr. Hand's Diarrhea Mixture was freely given and an immediate cure resulted. It would have required a dozen visits of a physician as on former occasions. I believe Dr. Hand's Remedies would have saved the life of the child I lost, had they been within my reach at the time of its sickness."—Mrs. F. H. Bennett, 752 New St., Camden, N. J. 27c. Drug stores.

Shaw Brothers, Milk Dealers, 226 E. 46th St.

In: Jones and Potter, 1270 J. Broadway; In: Jones and Potter, 1270 J. Broadway; You can imagine my great satisfaction in taking so completely cured of my trouble after suffering with it for thirty-eight years. I have been examined by many eminent doctors and had their fees adjusted, but grew worse every year. By chance I came into your care, and am now a sound man.

I feel truly grateful to you, and cheerfully recommend your treatment.

Mowing Machine Oil, best quality, cents per gallon. McNaugle & Sons' Drug Store.

INFANTS ARE STARVED.

Babies Die from Want of Proper Food—Parents' Neglect Keeps Up the Fearful Infant Death Rate in July—Use Lactated Food.

Parents do not understand how completely the lives of their babies are in their own hands these hot days.

Starving the babies is a harsh phrase to use in speaking of the loving care of fathers and mothers. But that is what exact scientific men call it. Parents must use their utmost intelligence if baby is to get safely through the summer. Cholera infantum never attacks properly nourished children, no matter how heated the season. Only the weak, drooping babies succumb to summer complaints.

At the first indication of faulty nourishment, indigestion or diarrhea the prudent mother will look at baby's diet. If she is trying to nurse baby herself through the hot summer, she will make sure that her milk is capable of fully nourishing the little one. But if she finds that baby is not thriving, lactated food should be given either as an additional nutrient or for a complete diet.

No less an authority than Dr. Guernsey, the senior editor of the New York Medical Times, says that he uses lactated food with children. He says it is pleasant to taste and easily digested and assimilated. The famous Dr. Agnew, as is well known among physicians, was one of the first to publicly recommend the food. Dr. J. Lewis Smith, perhaps the greatest authority in the country on the diseases of children, professor in Bellevue Hospital College, New York, also commends its use. There are hundreds of physicians in New England, says the Boston Journal, who prescribe lactated food invariably as the nearest approach to healthy mother's milk, and as a rich baby food that builds up the strength and bodies of young children and invalids.

Lactated food is an ideal infant nutrient. Babies like it. They grow fat and ruddy when fed on it as an exclusive diet. It makes the impoverished blood of puny children grow rich and capable of making growing bone and flesh. All fear of cholera infantum may be dismissed after baby is put on a diet of lactated food; for the essential elements of this dread complaint—impurity and lack of nourishing qualities in the food—are absolutely removed. Mothers may sleep peacefully without fear of being awakened by a feverish cry by night that may tell of some grave intestinal disorder.

Babies fed on lactated food gain steadily in weight and escape summer sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Soutar, who live on Campbell street, Sandusky, Ohio, owe their happiness to lactated food. They write:

"When our baby, Ruth, was sick there was nothing that would stay on her stomach. The doctor advised the use of lactated food, and very thankful we are, for in a short time it worked wonders. She is now a large, healthy child. Her age is one year and four months. We are convinced that if it had not been for the timely use of lactated food our baby would have died. We now have another little one that we are nursing on lactated food, we have such faith in it, and we also recommend it to all our friends."

HIS JAW SHOT OFF

A Boy Terribly Injured by the Discharge of an Old Army Musket.

Five boys at Trout Creek, Delaware county, loaded an old army musket, a few days ago, and having no caps tried to discharge it by placing the heads of friction matches on the nipple. The experiment did not succeed and the gun was laid on the ground, when it went off, the discharge tearing away the lower jaw and part of the tongue of Orrin Pond, who was lying only about a foot from the muzzle of the weapon. The boy's injuries may prove fatal.

RIDGELEY.

Correspondence Anus and MERCURY.

The lawn festival, which was advertised by the M. E. Church, for the 17th, will be held on Thursday evening, July 19. If stormy, the next evening.

The farmers are making hay, while the sun shines. Hay is a good crop in this section.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder Diseases relieved in six hours by the "THE GREAT SOUTH AMERICAN KIDNEY CURE."

This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy.

Sold by J. E. Mills, druggist, Middletown N. Y.

D. S. SLAWSON
Dr. S. S. SLAWSON
of the above firm, is at the Russell House, Middletown, every Thursday.

ORANGE CO. SURROGATE'S COURT.

Report of Proceedings Ending July 10, 1894.

Before Hon. Rosewell O. Coleman Surrogate.

WILLS ADMITTED.

Last will and testament of Catharine Linderman, late of the city of Middletown, John Gamble, executor. The further hearing in the matter of contesting the last will and testament of Eliza Jane Hobart, late of the town of Minisink, is set down for July 17th, before the Surrogate, at Goshen.

ADMINISTRATION.

The following letters of administration have been granted:

On the estate of Stansbury Gillespie, late of the town of Crawford, to Angeline Gillespie, widow; of Martha Rosenzrance, late of the city of Jackson, State of Michigan, who died leaving assets in the county of Orange, to George J. Rosenzrance, son; of John Connors, late of the town of Goshen, to Margaret Connors, widow.

DECREES.

The following decrees have been entered:

In the matter of the judicial accounting of William A. Rumsey and David A. Rumsey, administrators with the will annexed of, etc., of Samuel Rumsey, late of the town of Goshen.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS IN SULLIVAN COUNTY ARE DOING.

All the News from All Parts of the County—Many Matters of Interest Condensed from Our Sullivan Exchanges and Contributed by Wide-Awake Correspondents.

Anthony Constock is spending the summer, at Revonah Lodge, Liberty.

The Sullivan County National Bank of Liberty, has declared a semi-annual dividend of three per cent. The business of the bank has shown of late a most gratifying increase.

The Western Union Telegraph Company has opened an office in the store of W. M. Kilbourne & Co., Liberty, which will be a great convenience to the public on account of its central location.

Miss Helen A. Hoose, who has been the Western Union operator at Monticello, for a number of years, has resigned to accept a position on the Kioga County Elevated in Brooklyn. Miss McCormick, of Port Jervis, takes the Monticello office.

While crossing New street, in Monticello, Saturday, Roy Holmes, the little son of Expressman Holmes, was run over by a horse driven by John O'Gara, which turned a corner, just as the boy was at the crossing. The boy was knocked down and was very badly bruised and had a collar bone broken, but fortunately escaped more serious injury.

For biliousness and all other conditions resulting from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills.

Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores, or write to B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal st., New York.

For each insertion. No advertisement taken for less than 10 cents.

BOOKS to Let \$1.00

HOUSE to Let \$5.00

ROOMS to Let \$1.00

BOARDING-HOUSES to Let \$1.00

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